

A1 The charm of rurality



27.5 km
of which 4.6 unpaved

2.5 ore
+ stops

Municipalities visited:

Fagagna, Rive d'Arcano, Coseano, San Vito di Fagagna

Departure: Cjase Cocèl (Fagagna) **P**

Length: 27.5 km
(of which 4.6 unpaved)

Difficulty: Easy, almost completely flat

Average travel time:
2 and a half hours + stops

Sites of interest:

- 1 Museo Cjase museum (Fagagna)
- 2 Palazzo Vanni degli Onesti (Fagagna)
- 3 Casa Asquini (Fagagna)
- 4 Borgo di Nuova Olanda (Fagagna)
- 5 Inhabited from the Bronze Age (Rive D'Arcano, Arcano Inferiore)
- 6 Rural village and Church of San Giorgio (Rive D'Arcano, Arcano Inferiore)
- 7 Church of San Giacomo (Coseano)
- 8 Church of San Andrea (Coseano)
- 9 Rural village of Nogaredo di Corno (Coseano)
- 10 Villa Micoli and Piazza Vittorio Emanuele (Silvella, San Vito di Fagagna)
- 11 Casa Volpe (Fagagna)

Leaving behind us the parking lot of “Cjase Cocèl”, **Museum of peasant life in Fagagna**, we turn right for 150 meters before continuing straight at the crossroads with Via dei Colli, which leads us downhill to Piazza Unità d'Italia, where we find **Palazzo Vanni degli Onesti**, the City Hall. At the crossroads in the square, we turn right onto Via Umberto I°, in which we find, immediately after, **Casa Asquini**, built in the nineteenth century as a connection between the old house and the agricultural business centre of the Asquini family. The clock turret is of considerable value. At the crossroads found at the end of the road we keep left on Via San Daniele and we go towards the locality of the same name, while at the next junction we turn right on Via Caporiacco; a few hundred meters further on we take Via Nuova Olanda on the left, at the end of which is **Borgo “Nuova Olanda”**, built by the noble Asquini family at the end of the 18th century. We go around this complex by turning right and we cross S.P.10, which we take by turning right at the STOP sign. After 300 meters we are at the crossroads with the road that leads to **San Daniele del Friuli**: this is the so-called “panoramic road”, which develops over an area of undoubted landscape value. We follow it on the new cycle path that runs alongside the golf course for over 1.5 km, arriving to an intersection with a sacred image (4.8 km in total), where we turn left towards Madrisio. Another 600 meters and we turn right towards Rive d'Arcano, going ahead for 1 km until the next intersection with a STOP sign near the village of Pozzalis: here we continue towards the capital city turning right and immediately left onto Via Principale. From the square near the church of **Rive d'Arcano**, we continue on the right entering Via Castelli d'Arcano, keeping to the left at the following crossroads and going straight at the following intersection. After passing the depression at Castelliere, where Bronze Age remains have been found and after the following crossroads, we reach the rural village of Ar-



Cjase Cocèl (Fagagna)



Castello di Arcano Superiore (Rive d'Arcano)



Casa Asquini (Fagagna)

cano Inferiore. At the crossroads we turn left entering the village, visiting the Church of San Giorgio, returning back to the crossroads. We turn left and cover a stretch of 500 meters downhill, after which we continue to the left and go straight up to a STOP sign. Here we turn left and, after 300 meters, right at the following junction in the hamlet of Raucicco, along Via Giovanni XXIII for about 0.5 km. Arrived at a crossroads, we turn left alongside the Ledra canal up to the intersection with the main road with

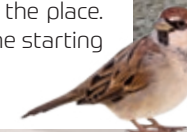
a STOP sign (10.3 km in total); here we go straight for about 400 meters towards the sports facilities that we pass and continue on the main road up to a STOP sign, then we go left.

After 650 meters, in the Municipality of Coseano, we turn first right towards the sports field and then left towards the eighteenth-century **Church of San Giacomo Apostolo**; going straight for another 150 meters we find a STOP sign, where we turn left and immediately right onto Via Sant'Andrea, which we follow, continuing straight to the following intersection and entering, after a short uphill ramp, S.P.101 (15.1 km in total) passing in front of the homonymous church. We continue on this road for about 2 km up to the **rural village of Nogaredo di Corno**: when we arrive at Piazza IV Novembre, we turn left on Via del Ponte towards Silvela. We reach the village of San Vito di Fagagna after more than 3 km (20.4 km in total) and we pass Villa Micoli (built in 1657 by the homonymous family) in Piazza Vittorio Emanuele before turning right around the villa. At the following crossroads we turn right onto a white road. At the first intersection after 650 meters we turn left and continue for 1.3 km until we return to the paved road at a STOP sign near a sacred image. Here we go straight and arrive at a crossroads with a STOP sign, where

we turn right and we proceed along the Ledra canal. After a few hundred meters, a dirt stretch begins, which we follow up to a crossroads next to a bridge, where we go left. Upon entering the territory of Fagagna we cross S.S.464; we go straight on Via San Vito, which we follow, also over a short dirt road, up to the STOP sign that allows us to enter S.P.5 (26.1 km in total). We go right and continue straight on Via Udine at the following intersection, passing **Casa Volpe**, the headquarters of the Supreme Command during the Great War. Shortly after we turn left and go up Via Porta Ferrea. Along the way, we can admire on our left Via Cecconiaia, whose name derives from the presence on the site of numerous Cecconi families, where several buildings still retain characteristics of spontaneous architecture from the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. Thanks to these structures, the municipality of Fagagna has become one of the "most beautiful villages in Italy", a recognition that rewards urban harmony and the quality of the building heritage in harmony with the liveability of the place. The last stretch of road takes us back to the starting point after having travelled 27.5 km in total.



Barazzetto (Coseano)



IN DETAIL

RURAL VILLAGE IN COSEANO

The village of Coseano, perhaps of Roman origin, is recorded for the first time as a possession of the Aquileian Patriarchate in a document of 1202. In 1866, it was the only village in Friuli to vote against the annexation to the Kingdom of Italy and, for this reason, it was called "Cosean dal no". Today, the village partly retains a rural aspect, along with a modern industrial area in strong development.

Works of a certain value enrich some churches; in particular, the Church of San Rocco, dating back to 1300, hosts a wooden ancon, probably made in 1522 in the workshop of Giovanni Martini. The municipality hosts other churches (such as the Church of S. Giorgio Martire in Nogaredo di Corno, the Church of San Giovanni in Silvis in Barazzetto), the expression of religiosity and artistic taste. Most churches can be visited from the outside.

Since 2000, Coseano has hosted a large popular festival of pictorial art entitled "Coseano Art Award" taking place along the streets of the village with the participation of numerous national and international artists from Austria, Slovenia and Croatia. The event includes a competition and a spontaneous exhibition, both on free themes.

www.premio-arte-coseano.com



Piazza degli Artisti