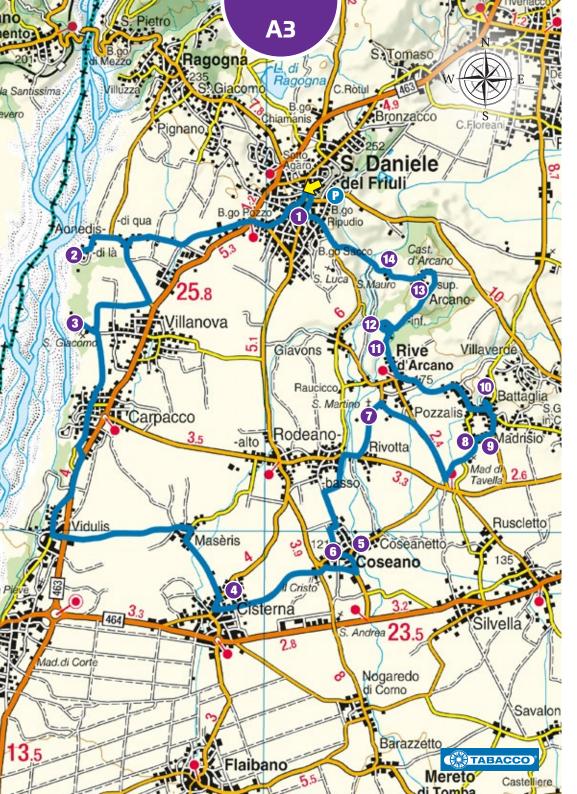
A3 Popular religiositu

13



# A3 Popular religiosity

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## Municipalities visited:

San Daniele del Friuli, Dionano. Coseano, Rive d'Arcano

**Departure:** car park in Via Udine (San Daniele del Friuli) (P Length: 38.9 km (of which 1.8 unpayed) Difficultu: Easu, almost completely flat

Average travel time: 3 hours + stops

#### Sites of interest:

- Territoru Museum and Sanctuaru of Madonna di Strada (San Daniele del Friuli)
- 2 Church of San Bartolomeo (Aonedis, San Daniele del Friuli)
- Ochurch of San Giacomo (Villanova, San Daniele del Friuli)
- O Church of Santa Maria Assunta (Cisterna, Coseano)
- (3) Church of San Rocco (Coseano)
- (Coseano)
- Pieve di San Martino (Raucicco, Rive D'Arcano)
- 3 Madonna di Tavella (Madrisio, Fagagna)
- The Palaçat (Madrisio, Fagagna)
- (Madrisio, Fagagna)
- (1) Castelliere (Arcano Inferiore, Rive d'Arcano)
- @ Rural village, small church of San Giorgio (Arcano Inferiore, Rive d'Arcano)
- Medieval castle (Arcano Superiore, Rive d'Arcano)
- Church of San Mauro (Arcano Superiore, Rive d'Arcano)

tarting from the car park in Via Udine, we go up around the sports field in Piazzale IV Novembre and turning left we go down along Via T. Ciconi. at the end of which we find on the left the Territoru Museum at the ancient Sant'Antonio hospital, and, going back a little, we head left along the 17th century Sanctuary of Madonna di Strada and continue straight on Via Piave. At the second crossroads, we turn left crossing Borgo Pozzo up to the following crossroads with a STOP sign, where we turn right on S.P. 5. After 300 meters, at the intersection with S.S.463, we continue straight up to a nearby crossroads, where we take Via Arch. Ermes Midena on the left, on which we travel for over 1 km until a STOP sign. Here we turn right to reach the hamlet of Aonedis: at the crossroads near the "Da Catine" restaurant we continue straight ahead, ignoring the signs for Ragogna and proceeding until we reach the small Church of San Bartolomeo (5.1 km in total). From here, we go backwards to the previous restaurant, where we turn right towards Villanova: near the cemeteru, after 1.2 km, we go right following the FVG6 signs and keep ourselves on the main road up to an intersection, where we continue straight to immediately turn right onto a dirt road that leads us to the "Gleseute di San Jacum". We soon reach the 16th centuru **Church of San Giacomo** located on the high edge of the riparian embankment of the Tagliamento river and go back to the previous junction. Here we turn right and continue straight ahead through a series of close intersections, until we return to the asphalted road (10.2 km in total) near the hamlet of Carpacco. We cross the whole hamlet straight on and before reaching the state road, we turn right on the cycle path set up along the state road S.S.463; we follow the cycle path that leads us to Vidulis where, after 1 km, we go straight through a crossroads and turn left next to the church onto Via Trieste towards Maseris; after a first intersection, which we cross going straight, we follow



14

the main road for over 2 km up to the town of Maseris; along the road on clear days we can admire the Canin mountain range to the north. At the crossroads (16.0 km in total) we continue straight on Via del Pozzo, and at the STOP sign in the square we turn right towards Cisterna: same direction at the crossroads after 100 meters. where we turn left onto Via della Fontana. After 1.5 km. in Cisterna we go right onto Via Maseris for 300 meters and then we turn left up to the Church of Santa Maria **Assunta**: here we go left and after 100 meters we reach a STOP sign, where we go first to the left and immediately afterwards to the right on Via Centro Studi towards Coseano. We continue for over 2 km on the Provincial road (S.P.) of "Coseanetto" and we reach Coseano. where at the intersection (20.4 km in total) we go straight until the next STOP sign, turning right here towards Udine. Another 300 meters and we arrive at another intersection, which we cross going straight ahead, and then we turn left at the following junction on Via del Guado; at the following STOP sign we go left on Via dell'Agricoltura, until we reach the Church of San Rocco, which we pass on the right until the following STOP sign. Here we turn left and after 100 meters we go right, then keeping the left in front of the Town Hall; thus we get behind the **Church** 





of San Giacomo. We proceed towards Via Roate and, after a short straight stretch, we turn right and then left at the STOP sign. After about 700 meters, in Rodeano Basso, we turn right onto Via Coseano towards the sports facilities, then left at the crossroads after 300 meters and we take Via Lungocorno at the following crossroads, until crossing the provincial road. Here we turn right and follow S.P.5 for about 200 meters, then we turn left towards Arcano in Rivotta; we proceed on the provincial road of San Martino and pass the Pieve di San Martino until we reach a crossroads (25.5 km in total) where we turn right onto Via del Cristo. The After 800 meters we take the S.P. of "Coseanetto" on the right, which we follow for 1.4 km until just before the state road, taking a small country road on the left immediately after the Pozzalis stream; the country road allows us to avoid the traffic of the state road and we come out at the **Madonna di** 

Tavella church (XII century with frescoes of Buzantine origin); we continue for over 1 km until we turn right onto Via degli Orti: at the STOP sign after 400 meters we turn left and pass the Palacat shortly after, before reaching a crossroads (30.0 km in total), where we continue straight. A brief look at the adjacent church of Sant'Andrea and then we go back to the previous crossroads, continuing on the right on Via Pozzalis. After reaching this locality, at the crossroads we proceed to the right and go straight through the following intersection, then we take Via Principale until Rive d'Arcano. Here, in the square adiacent to the church, we turn right and immediately afterwards we keep left on Via Castello d'Arcano towards Arcano; we continue straight to the following intersection, we pass the site of a Castelliere dating back to the Bronze Age (not open to visitors) and we face the short climb up to the rural village of Arcano Inferiore, where we turn left to admire the Church of San Giorgio (see the detailed description). We go backwards to the previous iunction and then we turn left towards Arcano Superiore, overcoming the climb of Colle del Tiglio and reaching a crossroads (35.1 km in total), where we go left. We thus arrive at the medieval castle of Arcano Superiore. which we leave on the left to take the downhill road, which after 600 meters leads to the sixteenth century Church of San Mauro. We continue the descent and arrive at the bottom of the valleu at a crossroads next to the canal bridge (in the Bic hamlet), where we cross three waterways, the Ledra canal, the Corno stream and the Giavons canal. The road climbs up along the Corno river embankment in the last ascent of the itineraru. After about 900 meters, we come to a crossroads and turn right, along the road that leads to San Daniele. At a first intersection we continue straight on Via Rive, and, before the traffic light intersection, we turn right onto Via Indipendenza crossing the characteristic Borgo Sacco with its Torate di Melz: we come out on Via Trento and Trieste and then turn right on Via Udine at the car park where this excursion of about 39 km ends.

### IN DETAIL

# CHURCH OF S. GIORGIO IN RIVE D'ARCANO

In the green of the fields stands the votive church of San Giorgio in Arcano Inferiore, dating back to the end of the fifteenth century. The bell lancet window was rebuilt in the 17th century, when the sacristy was added behind the presbuteru. The portal from 1515 is the work of Pilacorte. Inside are the altarpiece made by Domenico Paghini (San Giorgio freeing the princess from the dragon) and ruined frescoes dating back to the 15th-16th century. The rural village of Arcano Inferiore revolves around the small church of San Giorgio, a hamlet in the municipality of Rive d'Arcano, which dates back to a period ranging from the fifteenth to the sixteenth century. Rive d'Arcano is an agricultural and handicraft centre that takes its name from the hill slopes that surround the mighty medieval manor and the family that built it. The Arcano family owned two castles in the homonymous locality, the up-

per one, which still exists, and the lower one. The

Upper Castle probably dates back to the 13th

century and is among the most evocative and

best preserved in Friuli, with parts of consider-

able historical interest. Today the castle can be

visited by organised groups by appointment

www.castellodiarcanosuperiore.com

only and hosts themed events.

